

**Quiz number 5 Solution**

Show all work. How you get your answer is just as important, if not more important, than the answer itself.

Find the following antiderivative:

$$7. \int \frac{dx}{x^2\sqrt{4-x^2}} = (*).$$

$\sqrt{4-x^2}$  suggests  $x = 2 \sin u$  will be useful; then  $4-x^2 = 4 \cos^2 u$  and  $dx = 2 \cos u du$ , and so

$$(*) = \int \frac{2 \cos u \ du}{(2 \sin u)^2 \sqrt{4 \cos^2 u}} \Big|_{x=2 \sin u} = \frac{2}{2^2 \cdot 2} \int \frac{\cos u \ du}{\sin^2 u \cos u} \Big|_{x=2 \sin u} = \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{du}{\sin^2 u} \Big|_{x=2 \sin u}$$

But  $\int \frac{du}{\sin^2 u} = \int \csc^2 u \ du = -\cot u + C$ , and so

$$(*) = -\frac{1}{4} \cot u + C \Big|_{x=2 \sin u} .$$

But then since  $\sin u = \frac{x}{2}$ , we have  $\cos u = \frac{\sqrt{4-x^2}}{2}$ , and so  $\cot u = \frac{\sqrt{4-x^2}}{x}$ , so

$$\int \frac{dx}{x^2\sqrt{4-x^2}} = -\frac{1}{4} \frac{\sqrt{4-x^2}}{x} + C$$

We can check this answer:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dx} \left( -\frac{1}{4} \frac{\sqrt{4-x^2}}{x} + C \right) &= -\frac{1}{4} \frac{(\sqrt{4-x^2})'(x) - (x)'(\sqrt{4-x^2})}{x^2} = -\frac{1}{4} \frac{\left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{-2x}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} \right)(x) - \sqrt{4-x^2}}{x^2} \\ &= -\frac{1}{4} \frac{\frac{-x^2}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} - \frac{4-x^2}{\sqrt{4-x^2}}}{x^2} = -\frac{1}{4} \frac{-x^2 - (4-x^2)}{x^2\sqrt{4-x^2}} = -\frac{1}{4} \frac{(-x^2 - 4 + x^2)}{x^2\sqrt{4-x^2}} = -\frac{1}{4} \frac{-4}{x^2\sqrt{4-x^2}} \\ &= \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{4-x^2}} \end{aligned}$$