

Math 445 Homework 7

Due Friday, November 7

25. Show that if p is an odd prime and a is a primitive root mod p , then $\left(\frac{a}{p}\right) = -1$.
26. The primes p for which $x^2 \equiv 7 \pmod{p}$ has solutions consists precisely of those primes lying in certain congruence classes mod 28 ; which ones?
[Hint: if you think of classes mod 7 as being represented by $-3, \dots, 0, \dots, 3$ then you can recycle a lot of your work....]

27. Compute the (Jacobi) symbols $\left(\frac{31}{113}\right)$ and $\left(\frac{131}{311}\right)$.

28. [NZM, p.137, # 19] Show that for every (odd) prime p , the residue equation

$$x^8 \equiv 16 \pmod{p}$$

always has a solution.

[Hint: $16 = 2^4$; look at our old criterion for solutions and our new ones for quadratic residues...]